A Self-Contained Filtered Density Function

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Background & Terminology

Methodology Status	S-FDF	VS-FDF	PEVC-FDF
Fundamentals	Colucci <i>et al.</i> (1998)	Gicquel <i>et al.</i> (2002)	
&	Jaberi <i>et al.</i> (1999)	Sheikhi <i>et al.</i> (2007)	Present work
Basic Flow	Garrick et al. (2000)	Sheikhi <i>et al.</i> (2009)	
Simulations			
	Drozda <i>et al.</i> (2005)	Nik et al. (2010)	
Complex Flow	Pitsch et al. (2005)		
Applications	Raman <i>et al.</i> (2005)		Future work
	Jones et al. (2007)		
	Yilmaz et al. (2010)		

Exact Filtered Transport Equations

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L} \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= -\frac{\partial \langle p \rangle_{\ell}}{\partial x_{i}} + \frac{\partial \check{\tau}_{ij}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} (\iota_{i}, u_{j})}{\partial x_{j}} \\ \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle e \rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L} \langle e \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= -\frac{\partial \check{q}_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} (\tau_{L}(e, u_{j}))}{\partial x_{j}} + \check{\tau}_{ij} \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \\ + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L} \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= -\frac{\partial \check{J}_{j}^{\alpha}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} (\tau_{L}(\phi_{\alpha}, u_{j}))}{\partial x_{j}} + \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle S_{\alpha} \rangle_{L} \end{split}$$

PEVC-FDF

Fine grained density

$$\zeta\left(\mathbf{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta}; \boldsymbol{u}(\mathbf{x}, t), \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{x}, t), e(\mathbf{x}, t), p(\mathbf{x}, t)\right) = \left(\prod_{i=1}^{3} \delta\left(v_{i} - u_{i}(\mathbf{x}, t)\right)\right) \times \left(\prod_{\alpha=1}^{\sigma=N_{s}} \delta\left(\psi_{\alpha} - \phi_{\alpha}(\mathbf{x}, t)\right)\right) \times \delta\left(\boldsymbol{\theta} - e(\mathbf{x}, t)\right) \times \delta\left(\boldsymbol{\eta} - p(\mathbf{x}, t)\right)$$

Filtered density function

$$P_L(\boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, \mathbf{x}; t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \rho(\mathbf{x}', t) \zeta(\boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta}; \boldsymbol{u}(\mathbf{x}', t), \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{x}', t),$$

$$e(\mathbf{x}', t), p(\mathbf{x}', t)) G(\mathbf{x}' - \mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x}'$$

$$\langle \rho(\mathbf{x},t) \rangle_{\ell} \langle Q(\mathbf{x},t) \rangle_{L} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \hat{Q}(\mathbf{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \theta, \eta) P_{L}(\mathbf{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \theta, \eta, \mathbf{x}; t) d\mathbf{v} d\boldsymbol{\psi} d\theta d\eta$$

Exact FDF Transport Equation

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial P_L}{\partial t} + & \left(\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_j P_L}{\partial x_j} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_i} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_i} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_i} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \tau_{ij}}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) \\ & + \frac{\partial}{\partial \psi_{\alpha}} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial J_j^{\alpha}}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial x_i} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) \\ & - \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} p \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) \\ & + (\gamma - 1) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\left\langle \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial x_i} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) - (\gamma - 1) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\left\langle \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) \\ & + \gamma \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\left\langle p \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_j} \middle| \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{\psi}, \boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\eta} \right\rangle_{\ell} P_L \right) + \left(\frac{\partial S_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{\psi}) P_L}{\partial \psi_{\alpha}} \right) \end{split}$$

FDF Modeling

• Lagrangian vector variables

$$Z^{+}(t) = [X^{+}(t), U^{+}(t), \phi^{+}(t), E^{+}(t), P^{+}(t)]$$

• Diffusion process

$$d\mathbf{Z}^+ = \mathbf{D}(\mathbf{Z}^+)dt + \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{Z}^+)d\mathbf{W}$$

Standardized Gaussian random variable

$$\boldsymbol{Z}^{+}(t_{k+1}) = \boldsymbol{Z}^{+}(t_{k}) + \boldsymbol{D}\left(\boldsymbol{Z}^{+}(t_{k})\right) \Delta t + \boldsymbol{B}\left(\boldsymbol{Z}^{+}(t_{k})\right) \Delta t^{1/2} \boldsymbol{\zeta}_{k}$$

Compare the corresponding Fokker-Planck equation with FDF

$$D = \dots$$
 , $E = \dots$

Stochastic Model

$$dX_i^+ = U_i^+ dt + \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}}} dW_i$$

$$dU_{i}^{+} = -\frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle_{\ell}}{\partial x_{i}} dt + \frac{2}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{j}} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \right) dt + \frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{j}} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) dt - \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i}} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \right) dt + G_{ij} \left(U_{j}^{+} - \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L} \right) dt + \sqrt{C_{0} \frac{\epsilon}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}}} dW_{i}' + \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}}} \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} dW_{j}$$

$$d\phi_{\alpha}^{+} = -C_{\phi}\omega \left(\phi_{\alpha}^{+} - \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_{L}\right) dt + S_{\alpha}(\phi^{+}) dt$$

Stochastic Model

where:

$$G_{ij} = \left(\frac{\Pi_d}{2k \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell}} - \Omega \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}C_0\right)\right) \delta_{ij}$$

$$\epsilon = \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} C_{\epsilon} k^{3/2} / \Delta_L$$
 $k = \frac{1}{2} \tau_L (u_i, u_i)$ $\Omega = \epsilon / (\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} k)$

$$\Pi_{d} = C_{\Pi} \left(\left\langle \langle p \rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right\rangle_{\ell_{2}} - \left\langle \langle p \rangle_{\ell} \right\rangle_{\ell_{1}} \frac{\partial \left\langle \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L} \rangle_{L_{2}}}{\partial x_{i}} \right)$$

Stochastic Modeling of 'E' and 'P'

Model

$$dP^+ = P^+ \big(Adt + BdW_p \big)$$

$$dE^+ = E^+ \big(Cdt + DdW_p \big)$$

$$d\xi^+ = \xi^+ \big(Gdt + HdW_p \big)$$

\Rightarrow C,D,G,H in terms of A, B

Constraints

$$P^+\xi^+=(\gamma-1)E^+$$

$$dE^{+} = \left(-C_{e}\Omega(E^{+} - \langle e \rangle_{L}) + \left(\frac{E^{+}(\gamma - 1)\epsilon}{P^{+}}\right)\right)dt - P^{+}d\xi^{+}$$

Fokker-Planck Equation

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial t} + & \left(\frac{\partial v_i F_L}{\partial x_i} \right) = \frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle_\ell}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial v_i} - \frac{2}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial v_i} - \frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_i} \right) \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial v_i} \\ & + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial v_i} - \frac{\partial \left(G_{ij} \left(v_j - \langle u_j \rangle_L \right) F_L \right)}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle F_L \rangle_\ell}{\partial x_i} \right) \\ & + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\frac{2\mu}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial F_L}{\partial v_j} \right) + \frac{\mu}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial^2 F_L}{\partial v_k \partial v_i} + \frac{1}{2} C_0 \frac{\epsilon}{\langle \rho \rangle_\ell} \frac{\partial^2 F_L}{\partial v_i \partial v_i} \\ & + C_\phi \omega \frac{\partial \left((\psi_\alpha - \langle \phi_\alpha \rangle_L) F_L \right)}{\partial \psi_\alpha} + \frac{C_e \omega}{\gamma} \frac{\partial \left((\theta - \langle e \rangle_L) F_L \right)}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \left(\epsilon \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{\theta}{\gamma} F_L \right) \\ & - \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial \left(\theta A F_L \right)}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma^2} \frac{\partial \left(\theta B^2 F_L \right)}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial \left(\eta A F_L \right)}{\partial \eta} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\gamma^2} \frac{(\gamma - 1)^2}{\partial \theta \partial \theta} \frac{\partial^2 \left(\theta^2 B^2 F_L \right)}{\partial \theta \partial \theta} \\ & + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial^2 \left(\theta \eta B^2 F_L \right)}{\partial \theta \partial \eta} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 \left(\eta^2 B^2 F_L \right)}{\partial \eta \partial \eta} - \frac{\partial S_\alpha(\psi) P_L}{\partial \psi_\alpha} \end{split}$$

Stochastic Modeling of 'E' and 'P'

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{j} \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= -\frac{\partial \breve{q}_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L}(e, u_{j})}{\partial x_{j}} + \breve{\tau}_{ij} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \\ &+ \epsilon - \Pi_{d} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \tau_L(e, u_j)}{\partial x_j}$$

$$+\frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \int \mathbf{A}\theta F_L dV d\psi d\theta d\eta$$

Stochastic Modeling of 'E' and 'P'

$$A = -\frac{C_e \Omega}{E^+} \left(E^+ - \langle e \rangle_L \right) + \frac{1}{P^+} \left((\gamma - 1)\epsilon + \gamma \breve{\tau}_{ij} \frac{\partial \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right)$$
$$- \gamma \frac{\Pi_d}{\tau_\ell (p, p)} \left(P^+ - \langle p \rangle_\ell \right) - \gamma \frac{\partial \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial x_i}$$

$$B = 0$$

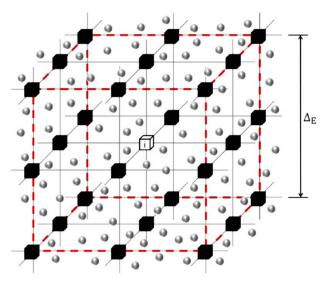
$$dP^+ = P^+ \left(Adt + BdW_p \right)$$

$$dE^{+} = \left(-\frac{C_{e}\Omega}{\gamma}\left(E^{+} - \langle e \rangle_{L}\right) + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}\frac{E^{+}}{P^{+}}\epsilon + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}E^{+}\left(A - \frac{B^{2}}{\gamma}\right)\right)dt$$
$$+ \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}E^{+}BdW_{p}$$

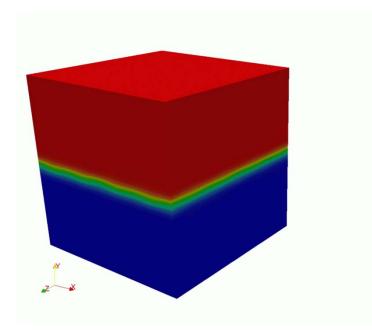
Assessment & Validation

Hybrid Eulerian-Lagrangian Methodology

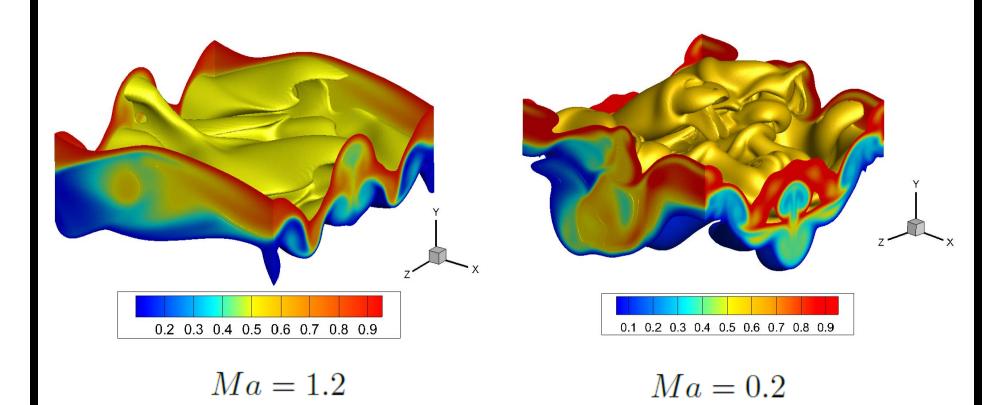
- Eulerian: Transport equations for the filtered quantities.
 - Deterministic simulations
- Lagrangian: SDEs
 - Monte Carlo simulations



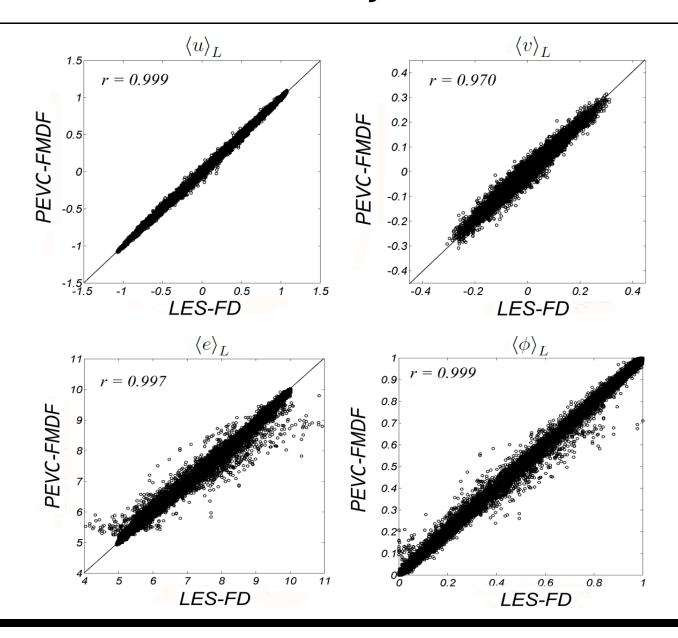
Previously: VS-FMDF Simulation, Sheikhi et al., Phys. Fluids (2009)

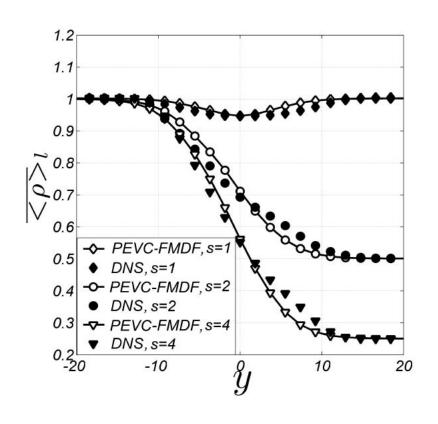


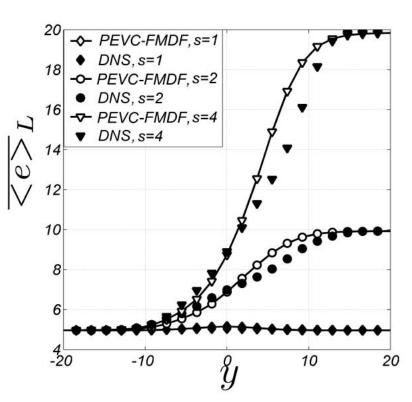
Passive Scalar Contour

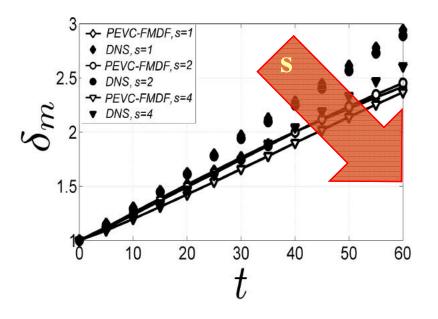


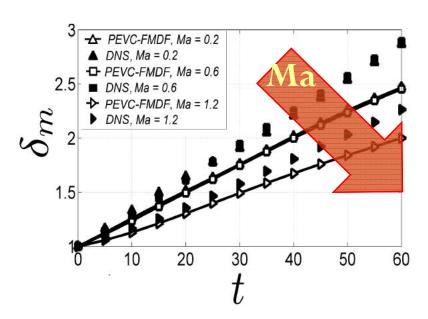
Consistency Assessment

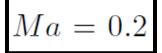


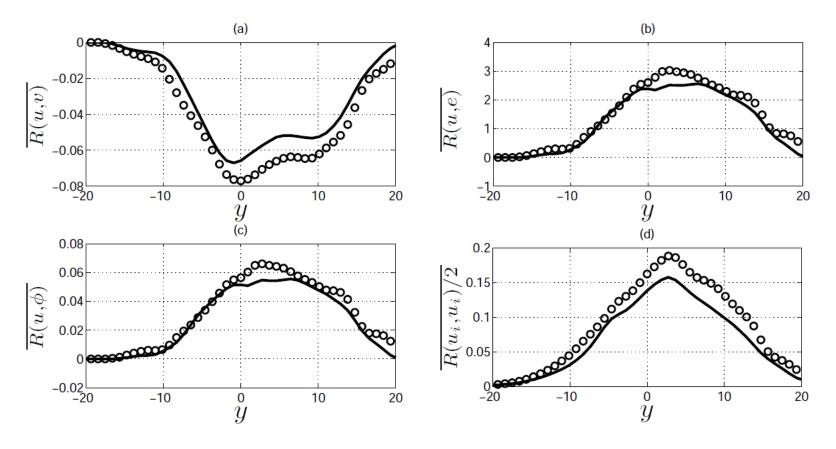


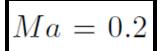


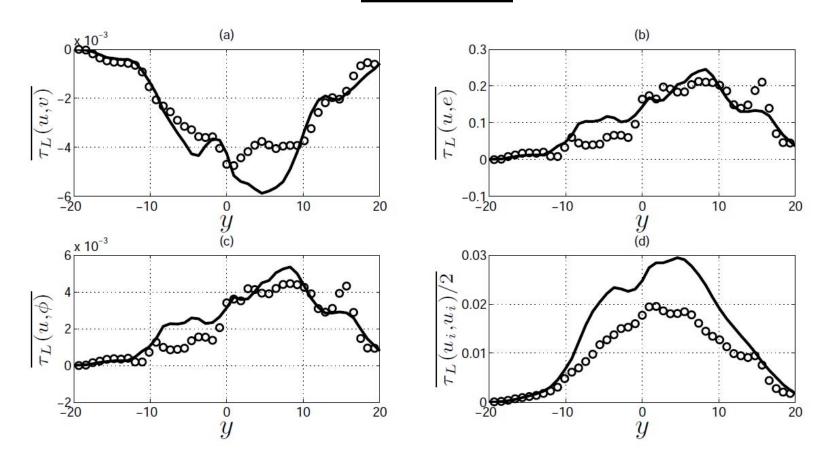




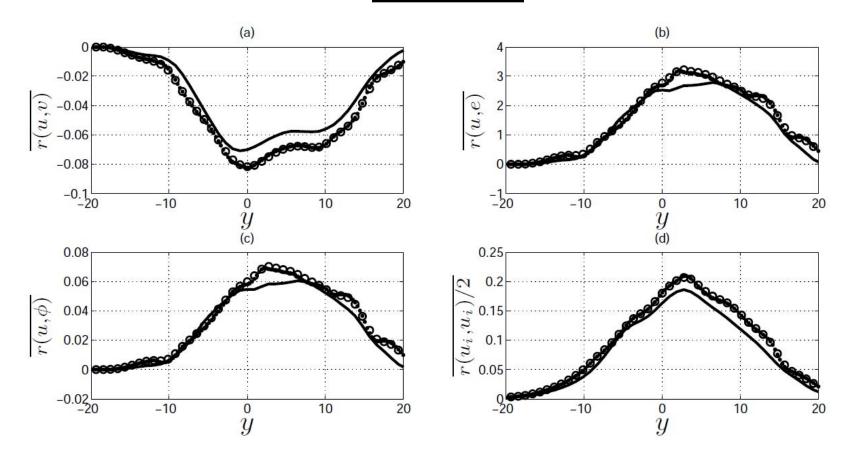




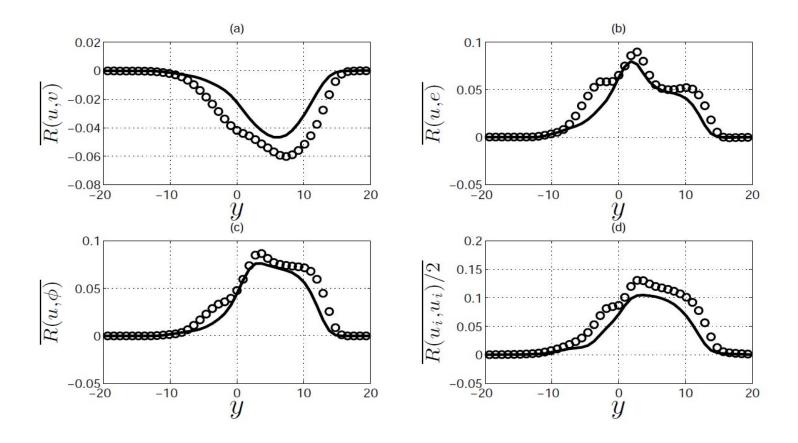




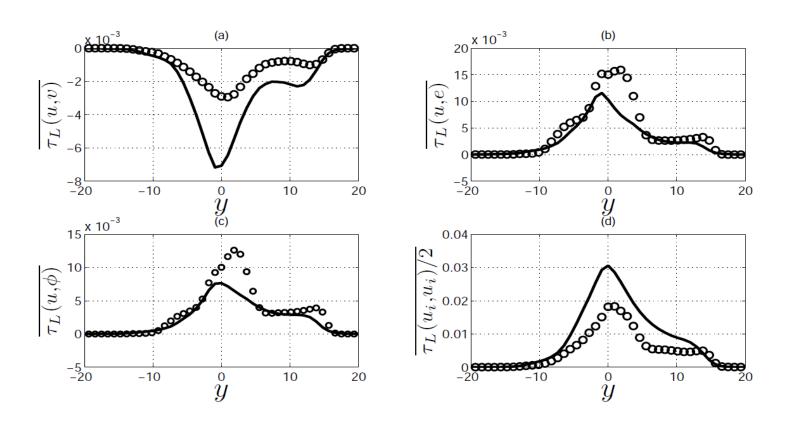
Ma = 0.2



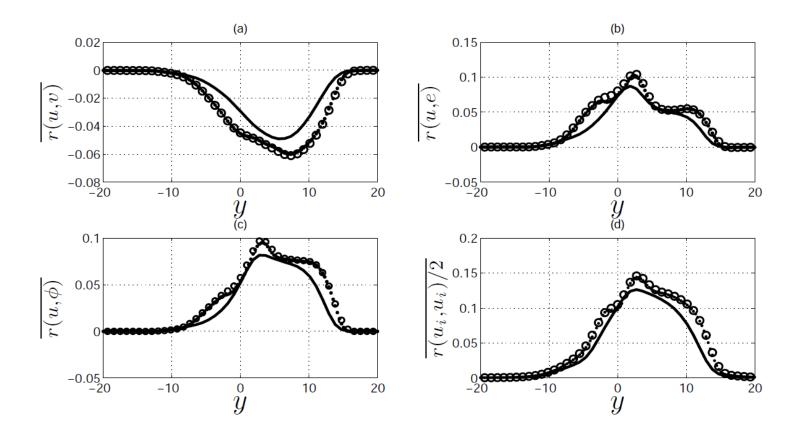
Ma = 1.2



Ma = 1.2



Ma = 1.2



Summary

- A self-contained FDF
 - ❖ Including the SGS statistics of all of hydro-thermo-chemical var.
 - For both high and low compressibility limits.

Future Works

- New models for pressure-strains
- New Langevin model for demonstrating RDT
- Implement on massively parallel/higher order solvers
- Complex geometries

Thank You

Definitions

$$\tau_{ij} = \mu \left(\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_k} \delta_{ij} \right)$$

$$q_j = -\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x_j}$$

$$J_j^{\alpha} = -\rho \Gamma_{\alpha} \frac{\partial \phi_{\alpha}}{\partial x_j}$$

$$\sigma_{ij} = \tau_{ij} - p\delta_{ij}$$

$$Pr = \frac{c_v \mu}{\lambda}$$

$$Sc = \frac{\mu}{\rho\Gamma}$$

Definitions

Transport Equation for Pressure

$$p = \rho R^0 T / \overline{M} = \rho R T = (\gamma - 1) \rho e$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial p u_j}{\partial x_j} = -(\gamma - 1) \frac{\partial q_j}{\partial x_j} + (\gamma - 1) \sigma_{ij} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j}$$

Exact Second Order Correlations

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L}(u_{i}, u_{j})}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{k} \rangle_{L} \tau_{L}(u_{i}, u_{j})}{\partial x_{k}} = \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \left(-\tau_{L}(u_{i}, u_{k}) \frac{\partial \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} - \tau_{L}(u_{j}, u_{k}) \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right)
- \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left(\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L}(u_{i}, u_{j}, u_{k}) + \tau(p, u_{i}) \delta_{jk} + \tau(p, u_{j}) \delta_{ik} - \left(\tau(u_{i}, \tau_{jk}) \right)
+ \tau(u_{j}, \tau_{ik}) \right) - \left[\left(\left\langle \tau_{ik} \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{\tau}_{ik} \frac{\partial \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) + \left(\left\langle \tau_{jk} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{\tau}_{jk} \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \right]
+ \left[\left(\left\langle p \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \langle p \rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \langle u_{i} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \right) + \left(\left\langle p \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{i}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \langle p \rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} (\phi_{\alpha}, \phi_{\beta})}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \langle u_{k} \rangle_{L} \tau_{L} (\phi_{\alpha}, \phi_{\beta})}{\partial x_{k}} = \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \left(-\tau_{L} (\phi_{\alpha}, u_{k}) \frac{\partial \langle \phi_{\beta} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} - \tau_{L} (\phi_{\beta}, u_{k}) \frac{\partial \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right)
- \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left[\langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} (\phi_{\alpha}, \phi_{\beta}, u_{k}) - \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \Gamma \frac{\partial \tau_{L} (\phi_{\alpha}, \phi_{\beta})}{\partial x_{k}} \right]
- \left[2 \langle \rho \rangle_{\ell} \Gamma \tau_{L} \left(\frac{\partial \phi_{\alpha}}{\partial x_{j}}, \frac{\partial \phi_{\beta}}{\partial x_{j}} \right) \right],$$

Exact Second Order Correlations

$$\frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, \phi_{\alpha} \right)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{k} \right\rangle_{L} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, \phi_{\alpha} \right)}{\partial x_{k}} = \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left(-\tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle \phi_{\alpha} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} - \tau_{L} \left(\phi_{\alpha}, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \\ - \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left(\left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, \phi_{\alpha}, u_{k} \right) + \tau \left(p, \phi_{\alpha} \right) \delta_{ik} - \left(\tau \left(\phi_{\alpha}, \tau_{ik} \right) - \tau \left(u_{i}, J_{k}^{\alpha} \right) \right) \right) \\ + \left[- \left(\left\langle \tau_{ik} \frac{\partial \phi_{\alpha}}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{\tau}_{ik} \frac{\partial \left\langle \phi_{\alpha} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) + \left(\left\langle J_{k}^{\alpha} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{J}_{k}^{\alpha} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \\ + \left(\left\langle p \frac{\partial \phi_{\alpha}}{\partial x_{i}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \left\langle \phi_{\alpha} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) \right] \\ \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, e \right)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{k} \right\rangle_{L} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, e \right)}{\partial x_{k}} = \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left(-\tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} - \tau_{L} \left(e, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \\ - \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left(\left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} \left(u_{i}, e, u_{k} \right) + \tau \left(p, e \right) \delta_{ik} - \left(\tau \left(e, \tau_{ik} \right) - \tau \left(u_{i}, q_{k} \right) \right) \right) \\ + \left[- \left(\left\langle \tau_{ik} \frac{\partial e}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{\tau}_{ik} \frac{\partial \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) + \left(\left\langle q_{k} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \check{q}_{k} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \\ + \left(\left\langle p \frac{\partial e}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) + \left(\left\langle u_{i} \tau_{kj} \frac{\partial u_{k}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle \tau_{kj} \frac{\partial u_{k}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} \right) \\ - \left(\left\langle u_{i} p \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle p \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} \right) \right],$$

Exact Second Order Correlations

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\tau_{L}(e,e)}{2}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{k} \right\rangle_{L} \frac{\tau_{L}(e,e)}{2}}{\partial x_{k}} &= \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left(-\tau_{L} \left(e, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left(\left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L} \left(e, e, u_{k} \right) \right. \\ &+ \left. 2\tau \left(e, q_{k} \right) \right) + \left[\left(\left\langle q_{k} \frac{\partial e}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \breve{q}_{k} \frac{\partial \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) \right. \\ &+ \left. \left(\left\langle e\tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} \right) \\ &- \left(\left\langle ep \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle p \frac{\partial u_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} \right) \right] \\ &\frac{\partial \frac{\tau_{\ell}(p,p)}{2}}{\partial t} + \left\langle u_{k} \right\rangle_{L} \frac{\partial \frac{\tau_{\ell}(p,p)}{2}}{\partial x_{k}} = -\tau \left(p, u_{k} \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell}}{\partial x_{k}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k}} \left(\tau \left(p, p, u_{k} \right) + 2 \left(\gamma - 1 \right) \tau \left(p, q_{k} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left(\gamma - 1 \right) \left(\left\langle q_{k} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_{k}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \breve{q}_{k} \frac{\partial \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell}}{\partial x_{k}} \right) - \gamma \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \Pi_{d} - \gamma \tau_{\ell} \left(p, p \right) \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{j} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \\ &- \frac{2\gamma - 1}{2} \tau \left(p, p, \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) + \left(\gamma - 1 \right) \left(\left\langle \tau_{ij} p \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_{i}}{\partial x_{j}} \right\rangle_{\ell} \right) \end{split}$$

Fined Grained Density Transport Eq.

$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} = -\left(\frac{\partial u_k}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial v_k} + \frac{\partial \phi_\alpha}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \psi_\alpha} + \frac{\partial e}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \eta}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho \zeta}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \rho u_j \zeta}{\partial x_j} = \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial x_j} - \frac{\partial \tau_{kj}}{\partial x_k}\right) \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial v_j} + \left(\frac{\partial J_j^{\alpha}}{\partial x_j}\right) \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \psi_{\alpha}} + \left(\gamma \rho p \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_j} + (\gamma - 1) \rho \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial x_i} - (\gamma - 1) \rho \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j}\right) \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \eta} + \left(\frac{\partial q_i}{\partial x_i} - \tau_{ij} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} + p \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_j}\right) \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \theta}$$

Modeled Equations

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle u_i \rangle_L}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle u_i \rangle_L \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = -\frac{\partial \langle p \rangle_l}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial \widecheck{\tau_{ij}}}{\partial x_j} - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \widecheck{\tau_L}(u_i, u_j)}{\partial x_j}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{l} \langle e \rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{l} \langle e \rangle_{L} \langle u_{j} \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \\ = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i}} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle e \rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \right) - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_{l} \tau_{L} (e, u_{j})}{\partial x_{i}} + \frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \int A \theta F_{L} dV d\psi d\theta d\eta \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_L}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_L \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle \phi_{\alpha} \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \tau_L (\phi_{\alpha}, u_j)}{\partial x_j} + \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle S_{\alpha}(\phi) \rangle_L$$

Exact and Modeled Moments

$$\frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{j} \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} = -\frac{\partial \breve{q}_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L}(e, u_{j})}{\partial x_{j}} + \breve{\tau}_{ij} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}}$$
$$+ \epsilon - \Pi_{d} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \tau_L(e, u_j)}{\partial x_j}$$

$$+\frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \int \mathbf{A}\theta F_L dV d\psi d\theta d\eta$$

First & Second Order Filteration

$$\langle Q(\mathbf{x},t)\rangle_{\ell} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} Q(\mathbf{x}',t)G_{\Delta_1}(\mathbf{x}',\mathbf{x})d\mathbf{x}'$$

$$\langle\langle Q(\mathbf{x},t)\rangle_{\ell}\rangle_{\ell_2} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \langle Q(\mathbf{x}',t)\rangle_{\ell} G_{\Delta_2}(\mathbf{x}',\mathbf{x})d\mathbf{x}'$$

$$\langle\langle Q(\mathbf{x},t)\rangle_L\rangle_{L_2} = \langle\langle \rho Q\rangle_\ell\rangle_{\ell_2}/\langle\langle \rho\rangle_\ell\rangle_{\ell_2}$$

Stochastic Modeling of 'E' and 'P'

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \left\langle u_{j} \right\rangle_{L} \left\langle e \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} &= -\frac{\partial \breve{q}_{j}}{\partial x_{j}} - \frac{\partial \left\langle \rho \right\rangle_{\ell} \tau_{L}(e, u_{j})}{\partial x_{j}} + \breve{\tau}_{ij} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{j}} \\ &+ \epsilon - \Pi_{d} - \left\langle p \right\rangle_{\ell} \frac{\partial \left\langle u_{i} \right\rangle_{L}}{\partial x_{i}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \langle e \rangle_L \langle u_j \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial \langle e \rangle_L}{\partial x_j} \right) - \frac{\partial \langle \rho \rangle_l \tau_L (e, u_j)}{\partial x_j}$$

$$+\frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} + \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} \int \mathbf{A}\theta F_L dV d\psi d\theta d\eta$$

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